Clemson University Research Foundation **Technology Feature:**

Natural Anti-tumor Extracts From the Native Plant "Oconee Bell"



Abstract

The CURF Technology Feature highlights an emerging technology developed at Clemson University which is currently available for licensing. See inside for an introduction to this technology and contact CURF for more information.



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Natural Anti-tumor Extracts From the Native Plant "Oconee Bell"

Description:

Although the market for cancer treatment is mature, new treatments are constantly needed to treat or better-target various types of cancer. Minimization or differentiation of side effects, and efficacy at treating early-stage cancers at low doses is also desirable. An increasing segment of the population is

also turning to naturally-derived drugs or therapies as preferred treatment strategies.

Two extracts of the Appalachian native plant Oconee Bell, *Shortia galacifolia*, have shown promise in trials designed to predict efficacy in animal systems. These two extracts indicate multiple anti-tumor and anti-mutagen compounds are present within the plant.

In addition to new cancer treatments, these extracts may also have commercial potential as herbal supplements, or cosmetic ingredients, for their cell-protective effects.

Shortia galacifolia (SG) extract performance versus positive inhibitory control: positive inhibitory control camptothectin was "completely effective" at 98.2% tumor inhibition. SG leaf = 69.9%, SG new rhizome = 70.0%, mature rhizome=81.1%.

Applications:

- Source of new anti-tumor drugs (multiple)
- May be sold as herbal extract or supplement
- Adding to cosmetics may increase perceived value within the US (native plant) and elsewhere for its protective effects

Benefits:

- New drugs may produce fewer side-effects, or target particular cancers.
- Multiple drug targets in one plant enhance commercial value.
- Perceived value of natural treatments, including derived drugs, is currently high.

Market:

- High demand for novel cancer treatments in US
- Large segment of population is aging, increasing market potential

Inventors:	Sandra L. Gray, Dwight Camper				
Patent Status:	Patent issued; US Patent No. US7691417 B2				
Link to Patent:	https://www.google.com/patents/US7691417				
Licensing Status:	Available for licensing				
CURF Reference:	04-001				



The native *Shortia galacifolia* "Oconee Bell"



Current chemotherapy drugs derived from plants

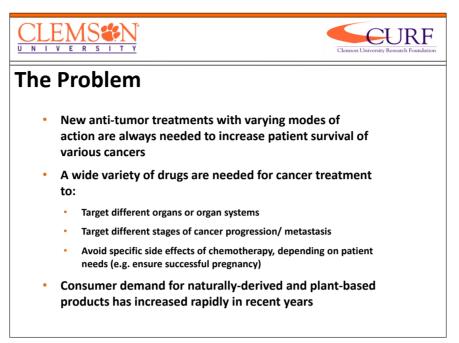




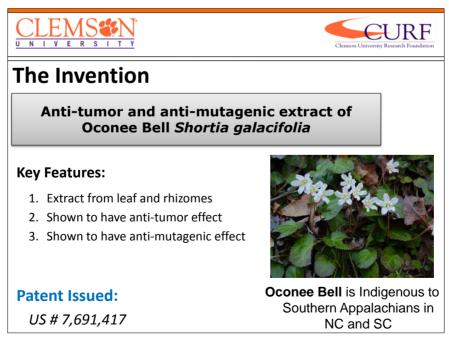
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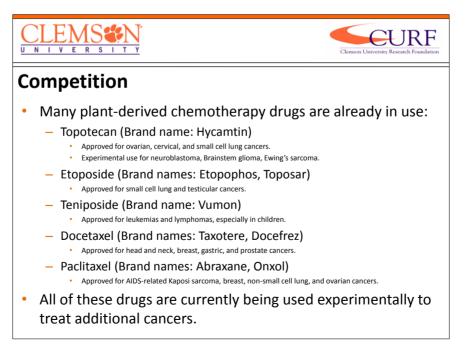
Benefits



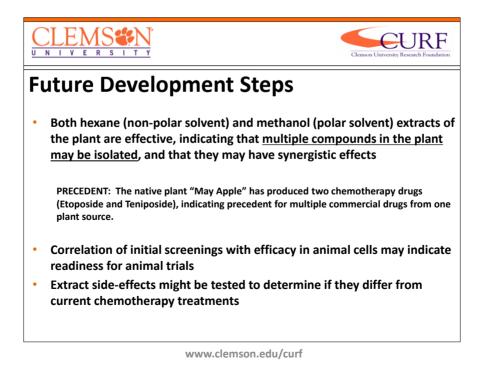
• Extract of *S. galacifolia* may prove effective for chemotherapy treatment of human cancers

- Metabolites produced by the plant may have different chemical structure than current treatments, and effectively treat different cancers or produce/mitigate different sideeffects
- As a naturally-derived plant product, this treatment may be acceptable to a wide segment of cancer patients
- Because the vegetative portions of the plant are used, extract production may be quicker and more profitable

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	Table 1: Tumor inhibition of	of plant extracts		Table 2: Tumor inhibition for 3 concentrations for						
Potato Tumor Induction			s	solvents and controls						
Sample	Dilution (concentration)	% Tumor Inhibition Tissue	Mean	Po	otato	Tumor Induction				
Control	N/A	0		Extraction solvent	Dilut	tion (concentration	% Inhibition			
LF	1:100 (10 mg/ml)	72.6~69.9		Hexane	1:10	10,	63.4			
LF	1:1,000 (1 mg/ml)	72		Hexane	1:1,0	000	27.8			
LF	1:10,000 (0.1 mg/ml)	74.5		Hexane	1:10	,000	17.1			
LF	1:100,000 (0.01 mg/ml)	60.6		Methanol	1:10	10,	63.8			
NRh	1:100 (10 mg/ml)	86.1~70.0		Methanol	1:1,0	000	27			
NRh	1:1,000 (1 mg/ml)	66.4		Methanol	1:10	,000	5.6			
NRh	1:10,000 (0.1 mg/ml)	66.7		Neg. control						
NRh	1:100,000 (0.01 mg/ml)	59		(camptothecin)	1:10	,000	100			
MRh	1:100 (10 mg/ml)	88~81.1								
MRh	1:1,000 (1 mg/ml)	81.3		Table 3: Mutation inhibition for extracts from three tissues and control						
MRh	1:10,000 (0.1 mg/ml)	78.8		Ames Salmonella Assay						
MRh	1:100,000 (0.01 mg/ml)	79.2				Revertant				
				Plant Extract		colonies without 2-AA	Revertant color with 3-AA		% Inhibition	
Potato disc tumor induction assay - "Surprisingly, the			Control (DMSO+ S9	`	48.2			N/A		
plant screening results of the potato disc assay were			Leaf	,	40.2		91.0 03.3			
very strongly associated with the 3PS (<i>in vivo</i> , murine leukemia) results (p=0.002)" (McLaughlin et al.,			New Growth Rhizomes		48.2		12.9			
icul(CIIII	1998)			Mature Rhizomes 46.2		254				





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1- Cancer Facts & Figures. American Cancer Society 2012

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Summary of Benefits

Oconee Bell anti-tumor and anti-mutagen extract

- May provide **multiple** new drugs for greater investment return
- May provide organ/tissue-specific cancer treatments
- May provide different range of side-effects than current cancer treatments
- May be marketed as a natural or alternative chemotherapy
- May be marketed as herbal supplement or cosmetics ingredient

Attractive Market

- High demand for novel cancer treatments in US
- Large segment of population is aging, increasing market potential

Intellectual Property

 Patent issued for both extracts (polar and non-polar) of Oconee Bell, from all tissues tested; Link: <u>https://www.google.com/patents/US7691417</u>

MORE INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE ABOUT THIS TECHNOLOGY

Access technology specifics at <u>https://www.google.com/patents/US7691417</u>

To inquire about this technology or other technologies available for licensing from Clemson University, please contact CURF.

To access an on-demand searchable listing of **all available technologies** please visit us online. (<u>http://curf.technologypublisher.com/</u>)

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